A NEW CHINESE SITALA.

BY H. A. PILSBRY.

Sitala hangehowensis n. sp. Shell subperforate, trochiform with rounded periphery, pale brown, surface dull, smoothish, under the compound microscope showing dense, vertical striation, most distinct on the penultimate whorl, and very fine, close spiral impressed lines, the base distinctly striate spirally, with finer spirals in the intervals between coarser lines. Spire conic with nearly straight outlines. Whorls 6, decidedly convex, the last rounded peripherally and convex beneath. Aperture somewhat oblique, lunate, the margins thin and simple; columella concave below, vertical with reflexed edge above. Alt. 3.7, diam. 4.1 mm.

Hangchow, China. Types no. 91131 A. N. S. P., from no. 1074 of Mr. Hirase's collection.

It is not easy to decide whether this species should be considered a Sitala or a Kaliella, but on account of the fine spiral striation it probably accords best with the first. It is larger than Kaliella depressa and K. monticola Mildff. with fewer whorls, 6 instead of $6\frac{1}{2}$, and it has a dull, not glossy surface.

NEW SPECIES OF PISIDIUM.

BY V. STERKI.

PISIDIUM PROXIMUM, n. sp. Mussel of medium size, moderately to rather well inflated, ontlines oval without any projecting angles, posterior margin slightly subtruncate in some specimens, beaks somewhat posterior, rather broad to narrow, rounded, or their centers more or less flattened, with a ridge around the flattened area in some specimens; surface with irregular, fine to rather coarse striae and several lines of growth, shining, color light yellowish-horn to brownish; shell opaque to subtranslucent, thin; hinge slight, cardinal teeth of various shapes; ligament rather long.

Long. 5.6 alt. 4.8, diam. 3.4 m. (Wash.)

Long. 6 alt. 5 diam. 3.8 m. (B. C.)

Long. 4.1 alt. 3.5, diam. 2.5 m. (B. C.)

Habitat: Washington, British Columbia: Walla Walla sent by B. Walker, a good number of specimens deep horn to brownish,